

Making Meaning of Metrics

Laying the Foundation of Major Gift Officer Performance with Metrics

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Advancement Forum

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The Major Gift Officer (MGO)



An Overview of the Current Landscape



The MGO in Brief

- Also called Directors of Development or Development Officers
- Fundraisers responsible for raising between \$250K and \$10M per year from high net worth individuals
- Key responsibilities are identifying, qualifying, cultivating, and soliciting prospective donors



MGO Quick Facts

Gender: 71% female, 29% male

Age:

- Under 35 = 6%
- Aged 35 – 55 = 66%
- Aged 55 and over = 28%

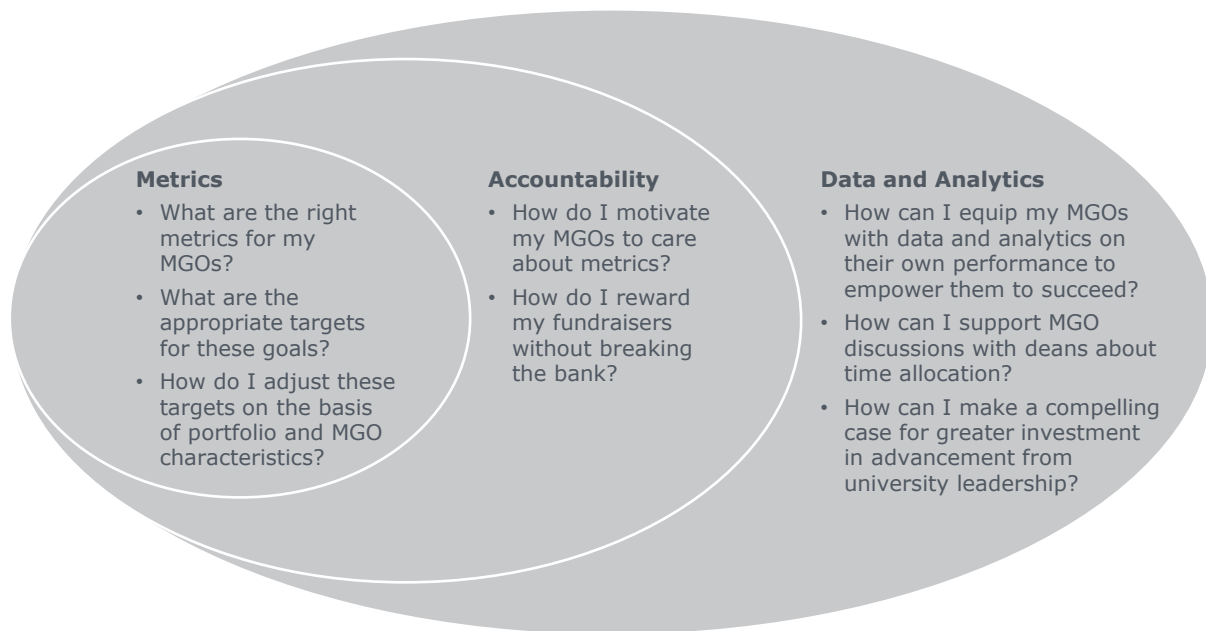
Ethnicity: 95% Caucasian, 5% other



2 years

Median tenure of MGOs at colleges and universities

Only One Part of the Broader Performance Management Landscape



Greater Gains Than a Pied Piper IPO

CAOs Need to Prove ROI



Advancement Under Increasing Pressure to Measure Its Impact

From Our Major Gift Donors...

”Our entrepreneurial background influences our approach to philanthropy...to make our giving more effective, scalable and sustainable. The return on this investment is stronger, more resilient communities.”

*Paul Orfalea
Founder, Kinko's (now FedEx Office)*

...and University Leadership Alike

”The university could invest more in faculty and students. If it's going to put more money in advancement we have to be able to show what we're doing with that investment, and this has become especially acute in the post-2008 recessionary period.”

*Matt Ter Molen
Chief Advancement Officer
Syracuse University*

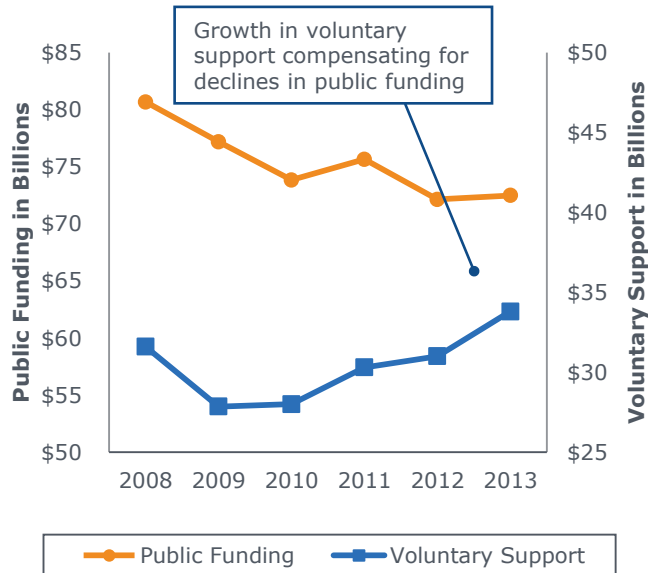


Bridging the Funding Gap

Administrators Look to Advancement to Fill Holes

Public Universities Increasingly Reliant on Advancement

Revenue by Source¹



“Advancement has taken on much more of an important role lately, which coincides with the downturn in state support. We’ve seen increases in tuition, but politically you can’t increase tuition enough to take care of your shortfall—and you don’t want to. So philanthropy is the next frontier. In the old days whatever you raised was good enough—now it’s not.”

Keith Inman
Vice President, Advancement
University of Louisville

1) In real 2013 billions of dollars.

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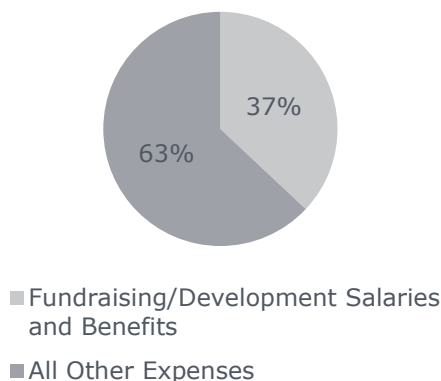
Source: “SHEF – State Higher Education Finance FY14,” SHEEO, April 12, 2015, <http://www.sheeo.org/resources/publications/shef-%E2%80%9494-state-higher-education-finance-fy14>; The Integrated Postsecondary Education System, National Center for Education Statistics, <https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/>; EAB interviews and analysis.

Disproportionate Dollars on Development Officers

Major Gift Officers Account for Increasingly Large Share of Budget

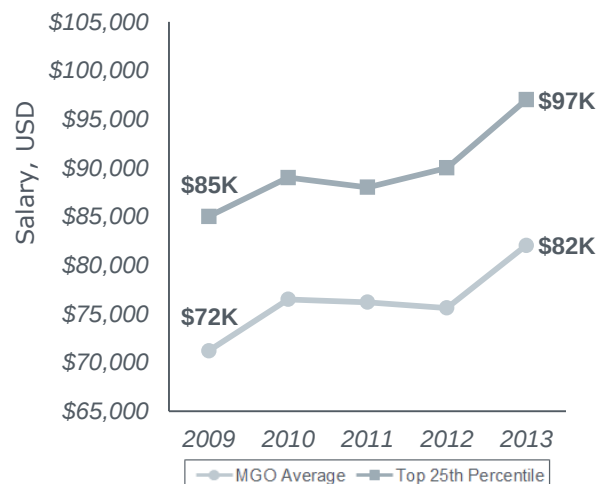
Advancement Department Expenditures at Research Universities¹

Council for Aid to Education Data, FY2014



Average MGO Salaries

Association of Fundraising Professionals Data, 2009-2013



1) n = 36.

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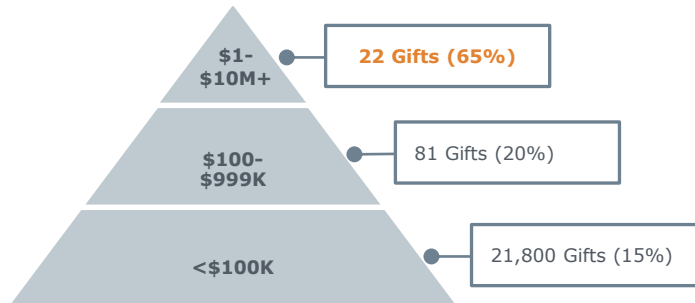
Source: “2014 Compensation and Benefits Study,” Association of Fundraising Professionals, 2014; Voluntary Support for Education Data Miner, Council for Aid to Education, <http://www.vse.cae.org>; EAB interviews and analysis.



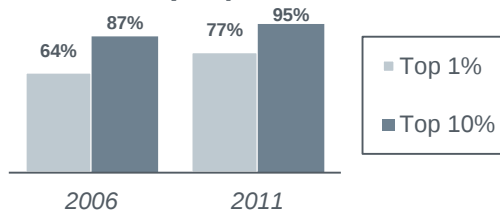
Is That a Gift Pyramid Or the Space Needle?

The Pareto Principle on Steroids

Number of Gifts and Percentage of Total Funds at Each Level: Hazel University¹



Percentage of Total Campaign Dollars Provided by Top Donors



1) Anonymized private research university.

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“We talk often of the fundraising gift pyramid, but I think there’s a similar talent pyramid—one in which the top 10% of our MGOs are responsible for disproportionately high fundraising totals. If we accept this premise, we have to remain focused on measuring and increasing the productivity of our major gift officers.”

*VP, Advancement
Public Master’s University*

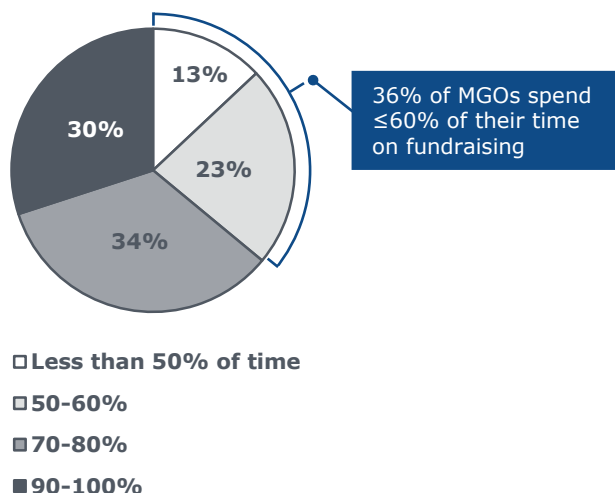
Source: “CASE Campaign Report,” Council for Advancement and Support of Education, 2011; EAB interviews and analysis.

Hopefully Not Picking Up the Dean’s Dry Cleaning

What Are Your MGOs Doing With Their Time?

Survey Reveals Substantial Time Allocation to Non-Fundraising Activities

Approximately what percentage of your time is spent on fundraising versus other responsibilities?¹ (n = 1,217)



“No hiring process is perfect, but I am surprised that we sometimes hire people as major gift officers who are often threatened by the idea of going out and visiting with people. The whole thing is illogical to me. But in our environment there are so many external opportunities that might capture a major gift officer’s attention but are, in fact, tangential to actual major gift work. So it takes a real discipline on everyone’s part—supervisors, deans, and MGOs—to stay focused on what is important.”

*Niles Sorensen
Vice Chancellor for Advancement
University of North Carolina
at Charlotte*

1) Other responsibilities defined as organizing events or writing articles for university publications, etc.

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Source: EAB interviews and analysis.

1 Laying the Foundation: Setting Expectations

2 KPIs with Teeth: Creating a Culture of Accountability

3 Data as a Means, Not an End: Utilizing Performance Analytics to Support Decision Making

Why is Intermediate Goal Setting So Important?



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Defining Success in Clear Terms is Critical for MGOs

The Destination and the Motor

"Your vision is your destination, and small, manageable goals are the motor that will get you there. Without the vision you're on a road to nowhere. Without the goals, you have a destination but no motor. They work in tandem, and you need both."

Frank Murtha, Ph.D.
Managing Partner
MarketPsych



Why Intermediate Metrics Matter

An Overview of Problems Evident in Absence of These Metrics

Problem	Example
 No job definition	New MGOs uncertain of job expectations
 No rank for prioritizing time	MGO unfocused, does not know best activity to perform
 No guidance for reaching goal	Large financial target paralyzing without next steps
 No timely success measure	Outcomes revealed long after efforts made
 No basis for evaluation	Multiple MGOs' performance difficult to judge fairly

How to Choose Relevant Goals

Activity vs. Outcomes and Team vs. Individual



Activity Goals—Individual

- Prospects identified, qualified
- Contacts, visits, moves
- Prospects in each stage of pipeline
- Written strategies
- Solicitations
- Assists
- Dean, volunteer assists
- Size of solicitations
- Stewardship contacts
- Trustee interactions

Outcome Goals—Individual

- Gifts closed
- Funds raised
- Average gift size
- Conversion rate



Activity Goals—Team

- Prospects identified, qualified
- Referrals
- Prospect pool coverage rate
- Database entries, call reports
- Written proposals
- Stewardship contacts

Outcome Goals—Team

- Gifts closed
- Funds raised
- Annual fund upgrades
- Donor satisfaction



How to Choose Relevant Goals

Activity vs. Outcomes

If...

- Advancement shop is new
- MGOs are not as skilled
- MGO results are not improving
- Advancement shop is far from goal
- Focus is long-term



Then...



Focus on Activities

If...

- Advancement shop is mature
- MGOs are highly skilled
- MGO results are improving
- Advancement shop is near goal
- Focus is short-term



Then...



Focus on Outcomes

Individual Goals

Weighing In on Individual Goals

Pros	Cons
• Roles more clearly defined • Sense of control over own performance • Useful as a guide to plan time • Awareness of appropriate performance level • Awareness of success • Sense of fair evaluation • Ability to refuse non-MGO work	• Reduced flexibility • Risk that goals will be hit in dysfunctional manner • Short-term view promoted at expense of long-term horizon • Target levels may be difficult to set correctly • Target levels may become ceiling instead of floor

Considerations

- Goal implementation typically leads to debates about definition and credit
- Goals can promote negative behaviors
- Fewer goals better than more goals
- Goals should not be changed often

Weighing In on Team Goals

Pros	Cons
• Collaboration always prominent • Information sharing constant • Activity of supporting staff increased • Office culture highly positive • Donor interests always of paramount importance	• Jobs tend to become ill-defined • Staff has difficulty prioritizing activities • Little incentive for individuals to outperform • Individual accountability difficult to measure • Underperformers can hurt team's morale

Considerations

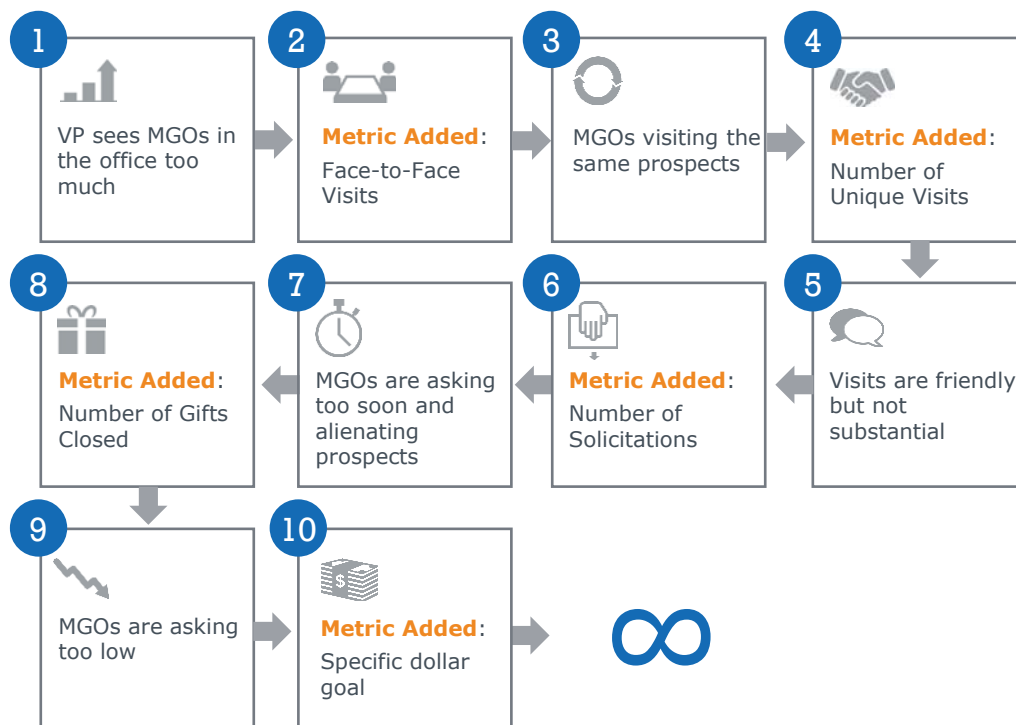
- Consistent managerial oversight necessary
- Managerial span of control limited
- Employees must embrace spirit of collaboration
- More staff will have personal stake in outcome of MGO candidate interviews

Rinse and Repeat Is a Recipe for Defeat

Be Careful What You Measure



Knee-Jerk Metrics Cause Confusion and Lower MGO Productivity



How to Choose Relevant Targets

A Three-Tiered Process For Finding the Answer for Your MGOs

Tailor Goals (Type and Level) Based On:

Step 1: Advancement Department Characteristics



- Campaign Stage
- Fundraising Maturity

Step 2: MGO Characteristics



- Tenure
- Title/Role/Compensation
- Percent Time Fundraising
- Academic Unit Affiliation

Step 3: Portfolio Characteristics



- Number of Prospects
- Capacity Ratings
- Affinity Ratings
- Prospect Stage Distribution

Industry Benchmarks

Data on Major Gift Officers¹

Key Fundraiser Metric Medians²

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Visit-to-proposal ratio

67%

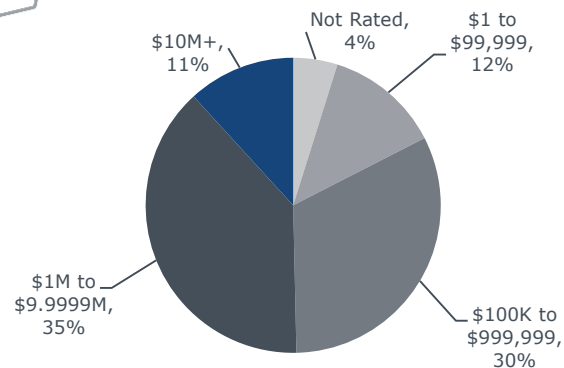
Gift closure rate

\$1.1M

Dollars raised



Portfolio Distribution by Capacity



Fundraiser Attributes

- Tenure at University – 4.8 years
- Tenure in Present Role – 2.1 years
- Management Responsibility – 31%
- ≥\$125K Total Compensation – 60%

1) Data on this slide is sourced from a group of ten private research universities; Includes major and principal gift officers

2) Only includes staff with ≥ 1 year in seat

Industry Benchmarks



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Data on **Leadership Annual Giving Officers**¹

Key Fundraiser Metric Medians²

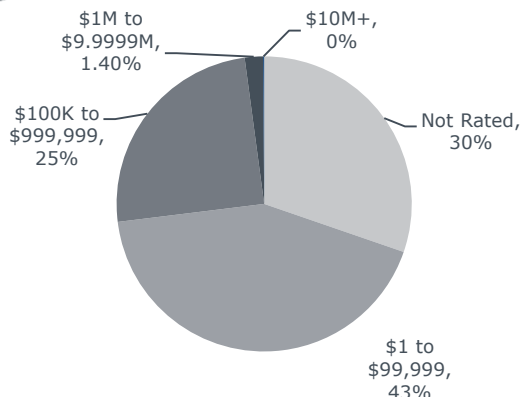
8
Visit-to-proposal ratio

65%
Gift closure rate

\$204K
Dollars raised



Portfolio Distribution by Capacity



Fundraiser Attributes

- Tenure at University – **2.7 years**
- Tenure in Present Role – **1.6 years**
- Management Responsibility – **22%**
- <\$75,000 Annualized Total Compensation – **69%**

1) Data on this slide is sourced from a group of ten private research universities

2) Only includes staff with ≥ 1 year in seat

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Source: EAB interviews and analysis.

Thumbs Down on Rules of Thumb

Make Your Performance Data Work for You



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How to Analyze Your Data to Uncover Ratios



Pool Coverage



$$\frac{\# \text{ Unique Visits}}{\# \text{ Total Prospects}}$$



Effective Use of Visits



$$\frac{\# \text{ Total Visits}}{\# \text{ Asks}}$$



Yield Rate



$$\frac{\# \text{ Asks}}{\# \text{ Major Gifts}}$$



Accurate Ask Estimates



$$\frac{\text{Ask Amount}}{\text{Gift Amount}}$$



"We had a campaign consultant who told us to use a set of ratios for MGO goals. When I asked where he got these numbers from, he simply told me they were well-known in the industry. Maybe I'm just a data guy, but I'm not going to overhaul my performance management system based on figures that are not specific to my institution—or at least based on best practices. "

AVP, Development
Public Master's University



Lower Pressure, Higher Quality

Washington State University Achieves Success with Lower Goals

Original WSU Targets

150 visits per year

36 major gift solicitations per year

10 closures per year

Decrease in required
solicitations

36



24

Increase in major
gift yield rate

30%



44%

The size
of gifts
has also
increased

! Low yield rates caused WSU to conduct an internal analysis of its target levels

🔍 Analysis revealed that only **24** solicitations were required to close 10 gifts per year

”

“You get what you measure. We wanted to shift the focus to quality versus quantity. Our major gift officers ended up taking the time necessary to find the sweet spot between donor desires and institutional needs. Metrics should be set appropriately to your organizational circumstance and revised accordingly.”

Mark Hermanson
Executive Associate Vice President
Washington State University Foundation

Simplicity is the Ultimate Sophistication – Da Vinci

Dunbar and Development Don't Mix



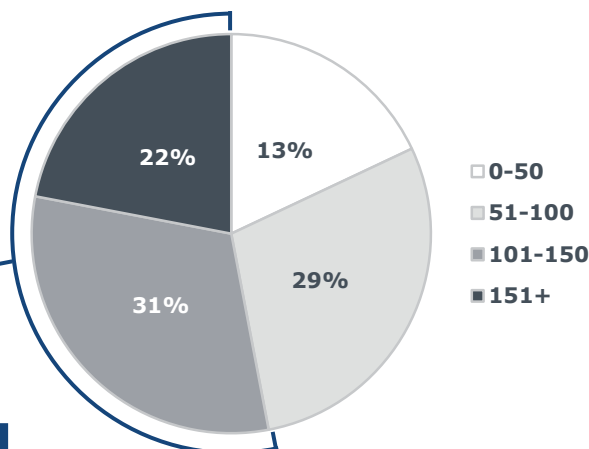
Portfolios Have Become Large and Unmanageable

Dunbar's Number

150

Oxford anthropologist Robin Dunbar determined based on the size of an average human brain that we can maintain stable social relationships with 150 other people

Approximately how many prospective donors are in your fundraising portfolio?
2014 EAB MGO Survey (n = 1,217)



Over half of MGOs have 101+ prospects in their portfolios

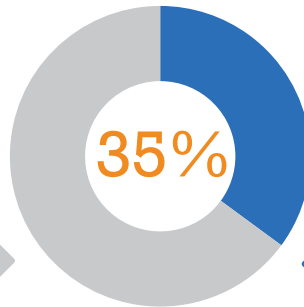
Wildcats Win with “Less Is More”

Portfolio Size Reduction Yields Manageable Prospect Pool¹

Prior Portfolio Penetration

Fallow Prospects

- 65% of portfolio was not visited within one fiscal year
- Locked in portfolio, prospects received no additional fundraising touches (e.g., annual giving)



Active Prospects

- An average of 40 prospects received visits per fiscal year
- These were the only prospects in active fundraising stages

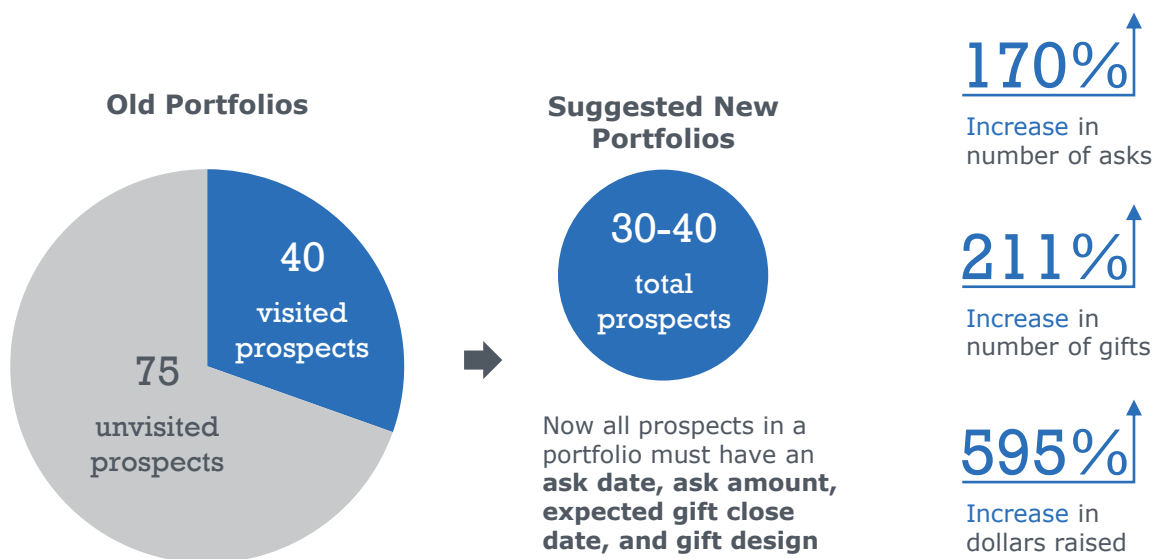
“The whole concept of assignment seems to be flawed and strangely skewed towards having a large list of names assigned to you, versus, ‘these are the 30 people that I’m planning to solicit over the next 24 to 36 months.’ Shops have portfolios of 120-150 because some fundraising consultant 20 years ago told them to and they never second guessed it.”

David Lively
Associate Vice President, Alumni Relations and Development
Northwestern University

1) Both previous and current portfolio counts do not include prospects in stewardship

Wildcats Win with “Less Is More”

Portfolio Size Reduction Yields Manageable Prospect Pool¹



Figures above refer to the same fundraisers compared over two-year period

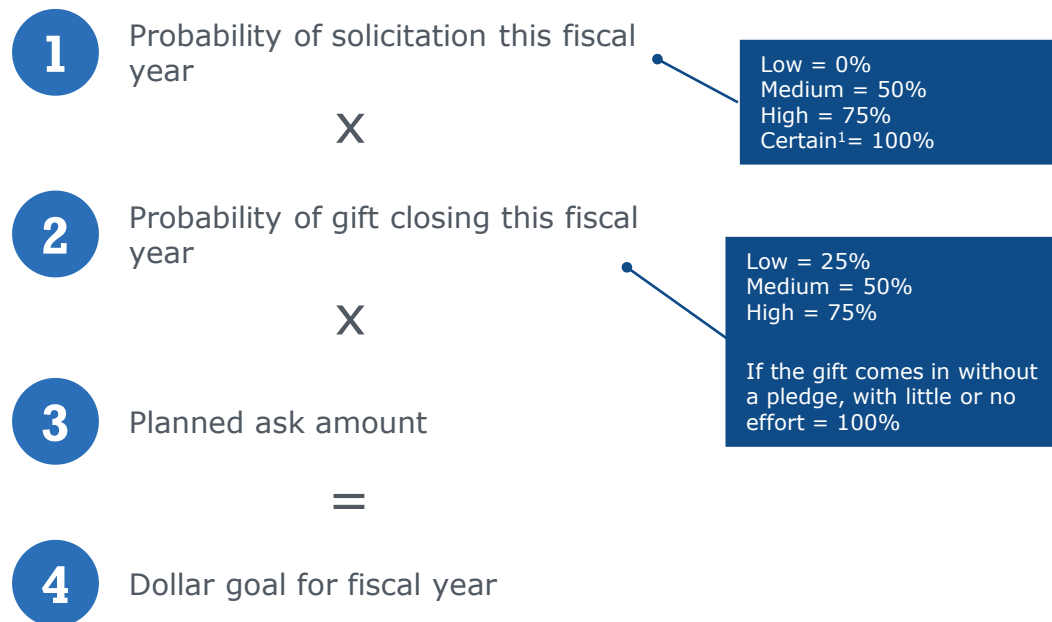
1) Both previous and current portfolio counts do not include prospects in stewardship

A More Rigorous Approach to Dollar Goal Setting



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NAU Incorporates Proposal Close Probability Into Annual Planning



1) Solicitations made last year, but not closed, are also included in this category.

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Source: EAB interviews and analysis.

Running the Numbers



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NAU Incorporates Proposal Close Probability into Annual Planning

Sample Probability Calculation for NAU Director of Development

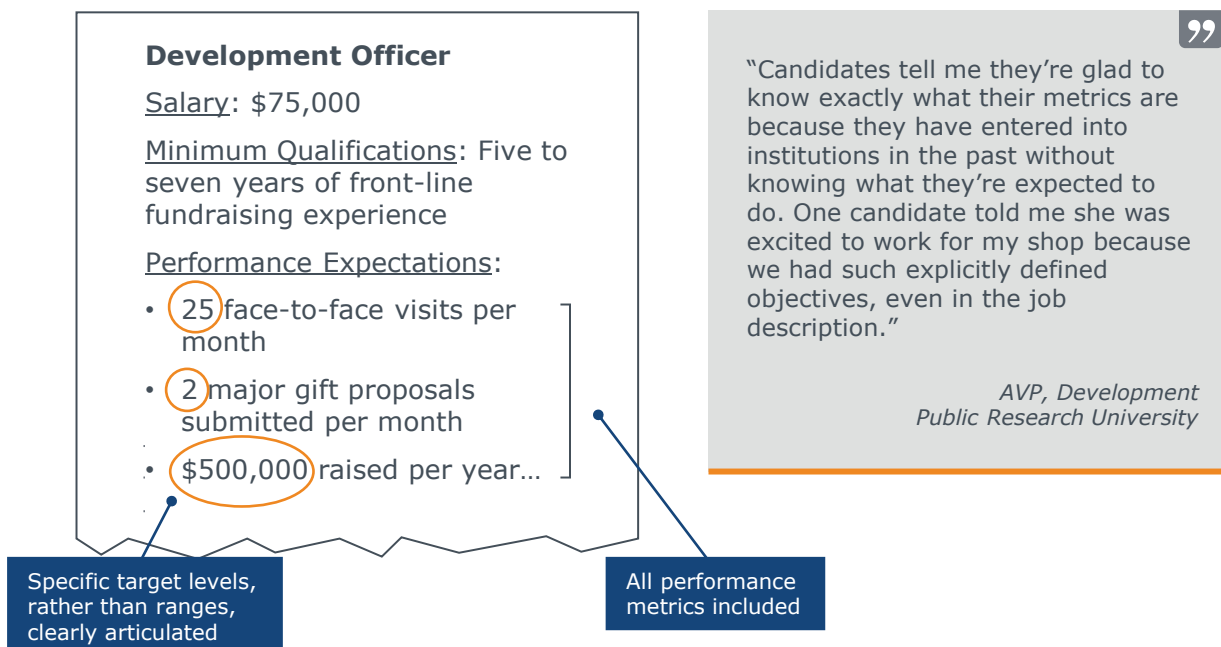
Prospect	Ask Amount	Solicitation Probability	Close Probability	Expected Amount
Bill Williams	\$1M	50%	50%	\$250K
José Perez	\$80K	100%	75%	\$60K
Rashmi Anilkumar	\$80K	100%	75%	\$60K
Mildred Smith	\$200K	50%	25%	\$25K
Roger Chen	\$150K	100%	50%	\$75K
Total Dollar Goal:				\$470K

Embedding Metrics into Job Descriptions



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Clear Expectations Start From Day Zero



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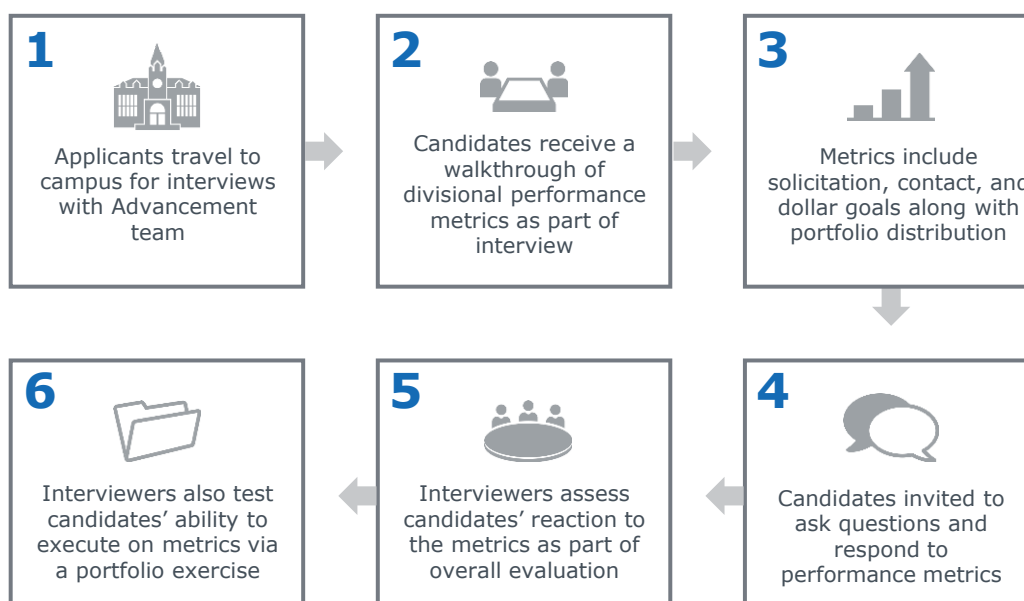
Source: EAB interviews and analysis.

Gauging Reactions to Performance Metrics



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DePaul University Reviews Performance Metrics During MGO Interviews



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Source: EAB interviews and analysis.

Scoreboards Aren't Just for Stadiums

Progressive Advancement Shops Create Rigorously Designed Scorecards



Benefits of Using a Points System



More objective indicator of success than qualitative feedback



Distills massive amount of information into most relevant data points about performance



Easy to integrate into formal performance review



Agile enough to allow for weighting of activities/outcomes most valuable to your shop in a given period

Nimble Goal Setting

"Your department's goals...and therefore the metrics you use to measure success toward those goals need to be responsive to the changing trends and demands of the environment."

*Rick Dupree
Executive Vice President for Development
Indiana University Foundation*

Hello Metrics, My Name is Watson

Adding It All Up

Freed-Hardeman University's Points-Based Metrics System

	Category	Goal	Percent Attainment	Points Possible	Points Earned
Average of the portfolio's production over last 5 years throwing out highest and lowest years +15%	Cash	\$1M	80%	50	40
	Total Contacts	25 per week	100%	30	30
	In-Person Contacts	5 per week	90%	10	9
	Donor Retention	NA	80%	10	10
	Bonus for Estate Gifts	NA	NA	5	3
Included in Total Contacts					
	Total Points:				92

Based on a scale:

- $\leq \$49,999 = 1$
- $\$50,000 - \$149,999 = 2$
- $\$150,000 - \$249,999 = 3$
- $\$250,000 - \$499,999 = 4$
- $\geq \$500,000 = 5$

Based on a scale:

- $\geq 80\% = 10$
- $70\% - 79\% = 5$
- $< 70\% = 0$

Points With a Twist



MSU Alumni Foundation Institutes Innovative Points Cap

Montana State's Metrics



Personal Visits



Discovery Visits



Solicitations



Dollars Raised
("Solicitation Gifts Booked")



"In our system, you earn points in each task category. These points are capped because I don't want over-performance in one category to mask lower performance in the other categories. For example, it's great to secure a \$3M gift, but you still need to perform on the other metrics."

Chris Murray
President and CEO
Montana State University Alumni Foundation

Points Cap

The maximum number of points an MGO can earn in one metric, including performance greater than 100% of goal.

- ✓ Allows room for **recognition** of over-performance relative to goal
- ✓ Serves to ensure that an MGO who greatly over-performs in one area **remains motivated** to perform in others

The Points Cap: Recognition Within Reason



MSU Prevents Success in One Area from Masking Low Performance in Another



Dollar Goal



Points Value



Points Cap

Points Earned for Dollar Goal Performance

MGO	Dollars Raised	Percent of Dollar Goal Attained	Points Earned
MGO A	\$870,000	87%	26
MGO B	\$1,500,000	150%	45
MGO C	\$2,000,000	200%	45

Although 200% of 30 points is 60, the points cap limits MGO C to 45 points

Emphasizing Individual Performance

Vanderbilt Applies Structured Approach to Performance Management

A Partial Sampling of Metrics with Three-Tiered Goal System¹

Metrics	Points Earned at Threshold	Points Earned at Target	Points Earned at Reach	Maximum Points
Dollars Raised by Team	10	10	10	30
Dollars Raised by Individual	35	35	35+	105+
Number of Solicitations Funded	30	30	30	90

Leadership changed the percentage of evaluation comprised by dollars raised by individual and closed gifts from 50% to 65%.

1) The full metrics system includes points for personal visits (30), solicitations made (30) and money raised by the university (15), for a total of 300+ points possible.

'Dores Soar with Limitless Dollar Metric

Knocking it Out of the (SEC D1) Park

Recognizing Fundraisers Who Beat Ambitious Dollar Goals

No Cap on Dollars Raised by Individual

For example:

If all three-tiered dollar goals are 35 points each and the development officer surpasses her reach dollar goal by 40%, she would earn:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(35 + 35 + 35) \\
 &+ \\
 &40\% \text{ of } 35 \\
 &= \\
 &119 \text{ points}
 \end{aligned}$$

33%

Increase in solicitations

80%

Increase in Leadership Annual Giving dollars

Focus MGOs on Fundraising

"What we want to do is give you permission and authority to say when you need to say it, 'I need to keep my focus on these prospects because that's what's most likely to lead to increased giving to Vanderbilt.'"

Randy Smith
Executive Associate Vice Chancellor
Vanderbilt University

Making Meaning of Metrics

Laying the Foundation of Major Gift Officer Performance with Metrics

Diana Barnes, Senior Analyst
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Advancement Forum