

Getting to the Next Phase in Student Success, pt. III

Elevating Committee and Task Force Effectiveness



Turning to Us in Times of Change and Need

Community Colleges on the Presidential Agenda since Their Founding

President Obama Puts CCs at the Top of His Agenda



"For millions of Americans, community colleges are essential pathways to the middle class...We want young people to graduate with real-world training... and we want older workers to get retrained so they can compete..."

- Barack Obama, President

Addressing Familiar Themes

- Access and success: Announcing America's College Promise
- Economic opportunity: Promoting new workforce investment funds
- Job training: Debuting national apprenticeship programming

President Johnson's CC Addresses Continue to Resonate



VIRTUAL A

"You are becoming a part of the revolution in American education, a revolution of quality as well as quantity. More Americans are receiving more education today than ever before in our history... Columbia [State Community College]... will be a school for all people..."

- Lyndon B Johnson, President

Just as Relevant Today

- Economic opportunity: Emphasizing the value of expanding college-going rates
- Access and success: Balancing access and success, just like 2016

Source: Obama, B. "Remarks by the President on America's College Promise," The White House Office of the Press Secretary; Lyndon B. Johnson: "Remarks in Columbia, Tenn., at the Dedication of Columbia State Community College.," March 15, 1967. Online by Gerhard Peters and John T. Woolley, *The American Presidency Project*. http://www.presidency.ucsb.edu/ws/?pid=28136.: EAB interviews and analysis/

At the Center of Key Moments in History



Community Colleges Meet National Demands Since Inception



1947: Educating a Post-**War Society**

Truman Commission recommends creation of network of public community colleges after passage of the G.I. Bill



1972: Expanding Access and Opportunity

Higher Education Act changes make cost of college widely affordable for all students through the Pell Grant and other aid programs



2007: Supporting Students through the Downturn

The Great Recession generates massive enrollment from displaced workers seeking new skills and opportunities



"The name used does not matter, though community college seems to describe these schools best: the important thing is that the services they perform be recognized and vastly extended...Community colleges probably will have to carry a large part of the responsibility for expanding opportunities in higher education."

Truman Commission Report



Under Growing Pressure and in the Spotlight

Leaders Embrace the Challenge, but It's Harder than Ever

Increasingly Risky Demographics

First-Generation

36%

First in their families to attend college

T2%
Apply for financial aid to cover college expenses

T4%
Work at least part-time while taking college classes

Employers Demanding Job-Ready Graduates

"Unfortunately, American companies don't seem to do training anymore... we know that apprenticeship programs have largely disappeared, along with management-training programs. The amount of training that the average new hire gets in the first year or so could be measured in hours and counted on the fingers of one hand."

Peter Cappelli The Wall Street Journal

Mounting External Pressure

♥9.2%

Decrease in state funding per student, 2007-2012

The New York Times

The Promise and Failure of Community Colleges

Community colleges are both engines of opportunity but also struggling institutions with questionable outcomes

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

Obama's Dead-End Community College Plan

Free community college plans don't recognize that many companies want students to have more than an AA

Source: "Matter of Degrees: Promising Practices for Community College Student Success," CCSSE, 2012; "Community College Fast Facts," AACC, 2015; Trends in College Pricing 2014; Snyder, M., "Driving Better Outcomes: Typology and Principles to Inform Outcomes-Based Funding Models," HCM Strategists, 2015; Cappelli, P., "Why Companies Aren't Getting the Employees They Need." The Wall Street Journal. October 24. 2011: EAB interviews and analysis.

Pressure to Improve on Multiple Fronts

Acknowledging Your Many Missions, but Focusing Today's Discussion



Student completes a credential (e.g., diploma, certificate, or degree) at the community colleges





Workforce Development

Student finds gainful employment and positively contributes to local economy



Transfer

Student successfully transfers to a four-year institution

Remembering to Celebrate Our Successes



Three Cases of Extraordinary Results



CUNY ASAP

40%

3-year graduation rate for developmental students, almost doubles control group outcomes



Guttman Community College

24%

Percent higher 3-year graduation rate than CUNY average in 2012



Lake Area Technical Institute

76%

3-year graduation rate, highest community college success rate in nation

\$14,000

High extra cost per student

- Requires substantial up-front financial commitment
- Initiative originally funded by \$35M city grant

Est. 2011

Clean slate

- Established 5 years ago
- No institutionalized barriers or inertia
- Opportunity to design ideal community college

1:11

Low faculty to student ratio

"When a student fails to show up for class, she can be sure she'll get a phone call from her instructor."

- Joshua Wyner

A Tale of Two Research Conversations



Existence of Best Practices Does Not Equal Effectiveness

Institution A

- Mandatory orientation
- Student success course
- ✓ Shared-split advising model
- Learning communities
- Intensive coaching for underperforming students
- Accelerated remediation

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Lots of Effort, Minimal Gains

"Each pilot has worked fairly well, but we haven't seen our retention and completion rates rise. Did some of the research misstate the benefits of these programs?"

> President, Large Community College West Coast

Institution B

- Mandatory orientation
- Student success course
- Shared-split advising model
- Learning communities
- Intensive coaching for underperforming students
- Accelerated remediation



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Despite Effort and Reform, Scale Remains Elusive

Initial Programs Focus on Student Services and Rely Heavily on Innovators





No Shortage of Reforms

- New orientation programs
- Innovative advising models
- Cohort programs for special student populations
- Intensive coaching for underperforming students

~75%

Of first-cohort Achieving the Dream reforms focused on student services or instructional support

Percent of target student population reached by half of Achieving the Dream firstcohort reforms

Faculty Reforms Reach Scal



Proven Innovations in the Classroom and Curriculum

- Collaborative Learning Pedagogy
- Guided Pathways
- "Fifteen-to-Finish" Campaigns
- Predictive Academic Analytics
- Multi-Term Registration







Administrator-driven reforms

services implemented







know their role

Majority of faculty don't



Initiative design not faculty friendly







Colleges, Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 2015; EAB interviews and analysis.

Pilots launch from project-based teams

Task force structure and process inhibits scaling Source: Bailey, T., Jaggars, S. S., Jenkins, D., Redesigning America's Community



Desired Changes Unclear at the Front Line

Even Well-Meaning Faculty Unsure of Their Role in the Completion Agenda



Underestimating the Challenge

"I completely underestimated where we were as an organization. I figured that long-term professionals in higher education would understand basic things about student success. We had to go back to the fundamentals to get faculty and staff on board with some of the reforms we wanted to make."

Vice President for Student Success, Large Community College Mid-Atlantic United States

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Showing Impact at Every Level

"It was a long process to change the culture from 'Right to Fail.' And I wanted to change the culture to 'Did I do everything I possibly could for the student?' This is my role as President to individually show to each employee what our culture is and how they fit into it."

President, Mid-Size Community College Northeast United States

Barriers to Faculty Change



Faculty unsure of what they should specifically do to impact success



Uncertainty about how to measure progress



Lack of information about how to intervene

Barriers to Faculty-Driven Intervention

Lack of Awareness, Limited Bandwidth, and Evaluation Worries

Notify staff of nonacademic concerns

Identify signs of student academic struggles

Ask faculty with high DFWI rates to adopt new practices and pedagogy

Faculty unaware of indicators beyond grades or absences

Busy adjuncts need guidance on which students need help

Faculty skeptical of being judged solely on grades



Alerts come too late, so

students do not receive

support until withdrawal

Student academic challenges compound, and the student doesn't course correct



High-failure courses hamstring students, forcing repeats and remediation

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Not My Job

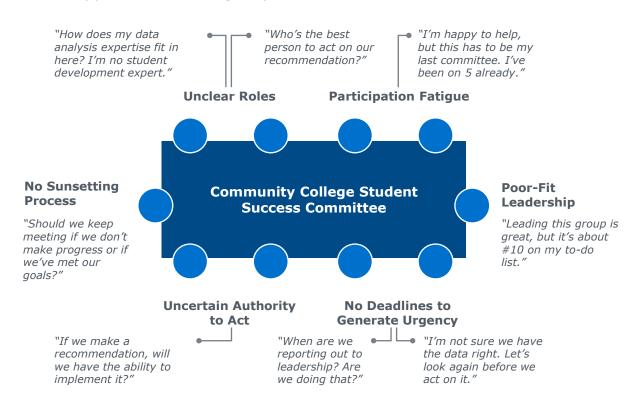
"Faculty would say, 'well, this isn't included in my job description...' and we would have to sit them down and explain that their real job is to do whatever it takes to assist the student throughout their academic life. Their job is to support students in the best way they can."

> Vice President, Student Services Southeastern Community College



Collective Action Mechanisms Fail to Meet Goals

Current Approach Lacks Urgency and Results-Based Orientation

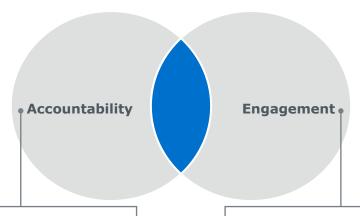


Today's Challenge



Moving the Organization to a Balance of Accountability and Engagement

Connecting Two Key Elements of Faculty Change Management



Punitive and Paternalistic

- Eventually leads to burnout
- Resentment and resistance emerge after initial compliance
- Exclusive reliance on extrinsic motivators

Positive but Unfocused Energy

- Preferable to pure punitive accountability
- Lack of focus on key organizational goals
- Initiative fatigue possible



Charting a Path to Institutional Change

Striking a Balance Between Accountability and Engagement



Roadmap for Our Discussion:

- Making Strategic Goals
 Meaningful for
 Departments and
 Faculty
- 2 Increasing Individual Faculty Participation in Mitigating Student Risk

3 Elevating Committee and Task Force Effectiveness Making Strategic Goals Meaningful for Departments and Faculty

2 Increasing Individual Faculty Participation in Mitigating Student Risk

3 Elevating Committee and Task Force Effectiveness

Building Broad Consensus to Change Is Even Harder in Higher Education

Every organization has its 'glue people,' the ones who... are assigned to every task force or initiative because they are respected and trusted... If any of this sounds familiar, take a step back and think about how to expand your talent pool to get the actual results you want... Most organizations have ambitious agendas that are limited by the availability of key people... thinking outside the roster of 'usual suspects' can help you distribute responsibilities in a more even, efficient way."

Ron Ashkenas Harvard Business Review I think change management is a huge **issue.** Understanding how to move an institution, not through your typical committee structure...but understanding how to get everybody on board with urgency, to understand that things **need to move.** Understanding how to build strategic plans and implementation plans with deadlines, staying on top of that, and, frankly, measuring your success against a few defined goals are incredibly important characteristics that a leader needs today, that frankly, in the past weren't as important as some other things."

> Josh Wyner Aspen Institute

Source: Ashkenas, R., "Good Managers Look Beyond Their 'Usual Suspects,' Harvard Business Review, 2014, https://hbr.org/2014/06/good-managers-look-beyond-their-usual-suspects; Blumenstyk, G., "Community College Advocate Urges 4-Year Colleges to Do More to Help Students Transfer," Chronicle of Higher Education, 2016, http://chronicle.com/article/Video-Community-College/235423: EAB interviews and analysis.

Two Pathways to Suboptimal Engagement





Unstructured Volunteerism Diffuses Energy and Effort

- Initiatives depend on same energized individuals to step up
- Self-motivated volunteers become fatigued
- Limited reach fails to capitalize on skepticism and expertise of faculty



Innovator-Dependent Approach Diminishes Impact

- Perception of top-down initiatives reduces broad-based buy-in
- Limits the creative potential of larger community's ideas, passions, and skills
- · Participation limited to early adopters

What Prevents Majority from Volunteering?

Unsure of Time Commitment

Faculty with already heavy workload are unclear of the length and intensity of commitment

Overshadowed by Negative Voices

Venues to discuss new initiatives can often become a battle between innovators and resistant faculty

Unclear How to Contribute

Faculty without general interest in student success cannot envision potential contribution

Perception that Skepticism is Unwelcome

Lack of space for constructive criticism deters well-meaning personnel

Flaws within Traditional Decision Making Bodies

Familiar Approach Lacks Urgency and Defined Process

Standing Committees

Lots of Discussion, Minimal Action and Results

- Unclear roles prevent all members from acting
- Vague process for making recommendations slows progress
- Talents and expertise of group members not tapped

Project-Based Teams

Initiative Overload Occurs without Checks

- Enthusiastic campus constituents launch projects without alignment with institutional goals
- Leaders grow frustrated with lack of focus among team and faculty

Teams Lack Urgency and Accountability

- Analytical culture of higher education leads to constant reevaluation
- Campus leadership loses track of initiatives without reporting

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Present but Inactive

"In the past, too many of our standing teams talked a lot but had nothing to show for it."

> VP for Planning, Mid-Size Community College Midwest

Moratorium on Initiatives

"I told my team, 'No more projects this year!' We needed to make progress on the ones we had before we jumped into something new again."

> President, Large Community College Southeast

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Maximizing Team Effectiveness



Three Thorough Decision Making Structures



Role-Based Student Success Team

- Overview: Overarching, campus-wide student success committee with role-based sub-teams
- 2 Process: Ideas from subteams roll up to highlevel team for ultimate approval or rejection
- **Membership:** Overarching committee shares members with subteams
- Critical detail: Ideas from subteams roll up to high-level team for ultimate approval or rejection



Skill- and Expertise-Based Calls to Action

- 1 Overview: Retention Action Teams (RATs) are Southwestern's task forces responsible for solving student success challenges
- 2 Process: RATs intend to have a plan within 3 to 6 months but no longer than 3 years
- Membership: Campuswide recruitment from faculty and staff
- VP sends recruitment emails specifying skills and types of members needed for volunteer opportunities



Initiative Management Framework

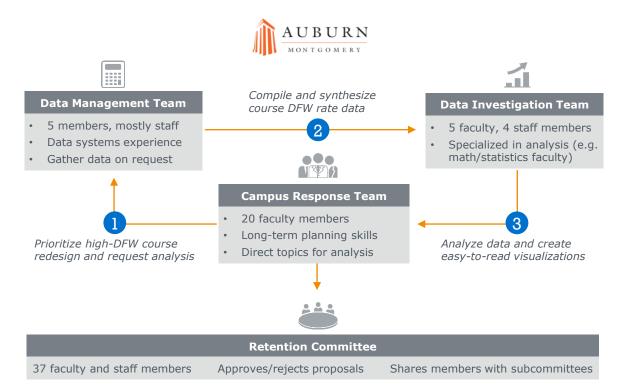
- 1 Overview: GRCC manages initiatives through strict launch, monitoring, and closure system
- 2 Process: New projects must submit goals, reporting timeline, and intended outcomes before starting
- **3 Membership:** Campus-wide membership of faculty and staff

Critical detail: College
Action Project leaders
chosen by Dean's Council
and formally evaluated on
performance



Matching Talent and Task

Strategically Deployed Faculty Members Accelerate Campus Consensus





Frame Invitations around Interest and Expertise

Southwestern CC Retention Action Teams Broaden Campus Engagement



Volunteers should have a background in data analysis and a willingness to think critically about current outcomes data

Volunteers should be well versed in current policies that impede student

success or have experience creating academic policy

Volunteers must be passionate about improving educational opportunities for minority male students

29%

Increase in student retention since 2011

8.7%

Increase in students earning 12 credits per year



Majority of Retention Action Team receive more volunteers than needed

Vet, Monitor, Integrate



GRCC Avoids Initiative Fatigue with Strict Project Management

College Action Project (CAP) Creation and Closure Process



Phase 1
Vetting and Launch

Phase 2
Reporting and Monitoring

Phase 3
Project Closure

Proposal Aligns Project with Strategic Goal

- Projects must align with GRCC Strategic ENDS and Indicators of Success
- 80-member Strategic Leadership Team approves or rejects projects
- No more than 20 projects at any one time

Launch Requirements

- Clear goals and work plan
- Intended outcomes and their impact on GRCC Indicators of Success

Checkpoints Ensure Ongoing Progress and Support

- Each project reports three times per year on progress, challenges, and results
- Annual CAP leader presentations to Strategic Leadership Team create urgency for progress
- Strategic Leadership Team checks performance and compliance with stated plan

Reporting Exercise

 Anonymous questions, compliments, and concerns facilitate honest feedback

Process Prevents Premature Closure and Ensures Seamless Campus Integration

- CAP teams submit project closure form summarizing outcomes and reason for closure
- Dean's Council approves or rejects closure
- Closure allows for new CAPs to emerge due to 20 CAP limit

Integrating New Initiatives

 If approved because work has finished, the Dean's Council determines how to integrate the new initiative into campus life

GRCC CAPs Successful Project Adoption



Sunsetting Illustrates Institutionalization of College Action Projects

Sample of Successful CAPs Closed Since 2014



Articulation

Improving Articulation & Transfer to 4 Years

200%

Increase in articulation agreements since 2010



Now under direction of Transfer & Articulation Coordinator



College Prep

Map Curriculum Between High School and College

23

Programs of study assessed and aligned



Integrated into academic planning and review process



Success Program

Developmental Intervention Program



Success of students enrolled in 2013 CSP



Fully institutionalized, CAP team released from duties



Partnerships

Expand and Improve Quality of High School Partnerships

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New K-12 partnerships since 2013



Institutionalized as part of Academic Outreach Office



Multi-Layered Project Leader Accountability

GRCC Maintains Project Management Momentum with Tiered Supervision

Accountability from Bottom to Top of Organization Promotes Progress

Grand Rapids Community College

Dean

- Evaluated on performance of CAPs lead by subordinates
- Member of Dean's Council which selects CAP leaders
- · Reports to Provost

Associate Dean of Student Success and Retention

- Evaluated on progress made by all CAPs lead by subordinates
- Responsible for checking in on CAP leaders' progress

Faculty Member

- Oversees Academic Advising and Counseling department
- Leads a CAP that can be part of contractually-specified evaluation process





Embedded Accountability

"What happened was that you would half-heartedly do it [the committee work], and when you were questioned on it, you'd say, 'Well, I was doing my other job.' But the fact is that you were asked to play a pivotal role in the strategic plan. We need you to actually play that role. So now we've built this system where the accountability is more built in."

Donna Kragt Dean of Institutional Research, GRCC

Fostering Optimal Campus Engagement



Top Insights from This Section

Recruit Task Force Members Based on Interest, Expertise

Engage faculty with specific requests around their interests, skills, and expertise to move beyond the usual suspects

Intentionally Select Task Force Leaders

Senior leadership bodies should select task force leaders to identify candidates with capacity and to build accountability for the initiatives

Create Multi-Level Accountability for Task Force Leadership

To avoid confusion over how the committees will operate, assign each individual a specific role based on their expertise and interest

Assign Clear Roles for Committee Members

To avoid confusion over how the committees will operate, assign each individual a specific role based on their expertise and interest





Striking a Balance Between Accountability and Engagement



Roadmap for Our Discussion:

Defining Tangible Goals for Departments and Faculty

2 Increasing Individual Faculty Participation in Mitigating Student Risk

3 Elevating Committee and Task Force Effectiveness



Questions on Today's Material?



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Access Today's and Previous Student Success Webconferences on eab.com

- Making Strategic Goals Meaningful for Departments and Faculty (Sep. 20th)
- Increasing Individual Faculty Participation in Mitigating Student Risk (Oct. 25th)

Getting to the Next Phase of Student Success—Available in Coming Weeks

- Full publication contains all twelve change management best practices
- Includes 11 corresponding tools to facilitate implementation
- Unlimited copies available to members