# How to Streamline Administrative Processes in the Research Office

Minimizing the Administrative Burden on Faculty: Part 1

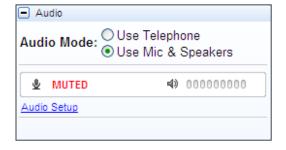
April 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2018

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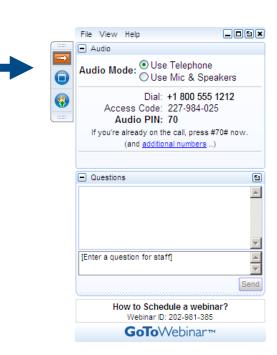
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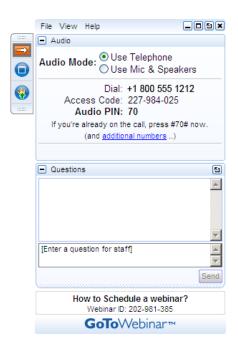


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# How to Streamline Administrative Processes in the Research Office

Minimizing the Administrative Burden on Faculty: Part 1

April 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2018

# Today's Presenter





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## Our Full Webconference Series



## Minimizing the Administrative Burden on Faculty

# How to Streamline Administrative Processes in the Research Office

Learn ways to improve processes by understanding the PI experience and pain points, maximizing existing organizational structure, clearly assigning responsibility and ownership over steps, and using data to understand and improve performance.

## → TODAY

Tuesday, April 3 3:00 – 4:00pm ET

# Four Strategies to Develop (and Retain) Top Research Administrative Talent

Learn best practices for ensuring consistent administrative services and support across campus, designing a system that provides career growth opportunities to retain top talent, and developing a strong relationship between administrators and researchers.

## Thursday, April 12

1:00 – 2:00pm ET

**REGISTER NOW** 

#### Help Investigators Win More Awards While Spending Less Time on Regulatory Compliance

Learn strategies to help researchers find the best-fit funding opportunities and develop strong proposals to win those awards, identify areas of over-compliance, and create templates and pilot programs to reduce the compliance burden on researchers.

## Thursday, April 19

1:00 – 2:00pm ET **REGISTER NOW** 

2 Streamlining Administrative Processes in the Research Office

3 Questions?

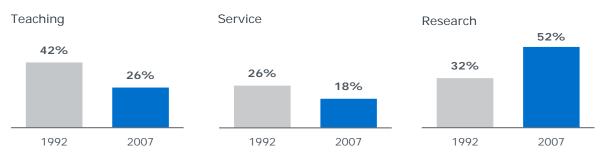
## Faculty Have Never Had It Easier



More Time for Research, Better Tools to Work With

## Lighter Teaching and Service Requirements...

## ... More Time for Research



# From Having to Sign Up to Use THE Computer...



# ...To Having Access to One That Thinks for Itself



# But Research Faculty Also Face More Hurdles

Despite Advances, Environmental Pressures Pushing Down on Researchers

## **Key Drivers of Administrative Burden**



#### **Unpredictable Funding**

Funding ebbs and flows limit sustainable money for researchers to chart their career paths





#### **Increased External Competition**

Lower funding rates can pit smaller schools and less-tenured faculty against more-experienced researchers



#### **Added Regulations**

Agency-specific and federal rules have expanded compliance burden on the research enterprise



#### **Increased Internal Competition**

Institutions must choose among disciplines to allocate dwindling university-level research funds



# Funding Booms Create a New Generation

Increase in Doctoral Students, Postdocs Puts Pressure on Admin Support

An Increase in Demand for Research Support...

...and a Shrinking Supply of Resources...

...Leads to Investigators Doing More Work.



Increase in the number of postdocs from 1990 to 2015



Increase in the number of S&E doctorates earned from 1990 to 2015



Administrative indirect cost recovery cap, instituted in 1991



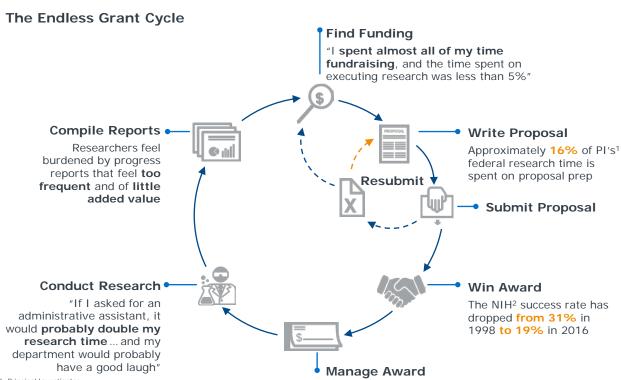
42%

The average amount of dedicated research time investigators spend on administrative tasks

# Faculty Caught Up in a Loop



Often Stuck in Early Phases of Find, Write, Submit, Repeat



PI: Principal Investigator.
 NULL National Institutes of U.S.

NIH: National Institutes of Health.
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# The Downstream Impact of a Weary Faculty



## What Happens When Faculty Want Off the Treadmill







#### **Failing to Attain Tenure**

Even the most eager and accomplished doctoral students and postdocs tire of endlessly working for someone else while seeing fewer and fewer open tenure-track positions.

## Leaving Academia Entirely

The "quit lit" generation has made their voices heard: the administrative burden is too much, and non-academic careers are a greener pasture.

# **Shopping for Better Support**

Worse than leaving academia is seeing a high-performing researcher poached by another university offering a higher level of research support.

#### Impact:

- Broken in-house pipeline of potential tenured faculty
- Reputation of turning over high-potential researchers
- Unpredictable staffing for tenured researchers

#### Impact:

- Loss of research expenditures and expertise
- Loss of teaching time and departmental knowledge
- Potential reputational damage in the age of viral rants

#### Impact:

- Loss of research expenditures and expertise
- Loss of teaching time and departmental knowledge
- Discipline-level reputational damage of under support, deprioritization

## Reduction Efforts Too Intensive with Low Returns

On-Campus Efforts Poorly Aimed While Advocacy Efforts Take Too Long

#### Unit-Level Efforts

- May solve one problem, but often create new problems and/or exacerbate existing problems
- Often result in shifting burden, rather than eliminating burden

## University-Level Efforts

- Often are a veiled costcutting initiative
- Results in short-term burden increases, followed by mid-term task rightsizing

## Agency/Legislative Efforts

- Reactive initiatives take too long, recommend too many (infeasible) solutions
- Engagement in responsive initiatives does not guarantee proactive consultation
- Proactive advocacy channels too broad in scope, ill-equipped to influence rule-making process

#### What's missing from these approaches?

A process-wide, customer-centric viewpoint that puts the PI as the focus of burden reduction efforts.



# Instead, Take a Faculty-Centric Approach

Research Offices, PIs Misaligned on Administrative Process Timeline

The Ups and Downs of a PI's Experience Through the Grant Process



# Applying a Faculty-Centric Lens to the Solutions

Time and Frustration Become Key Metrics in Reducing Burden



Research Administrative Burden on Faculty



Can we move burden away from faculty?



Can we eliminate any of this burden outright?



#### Streamlining Administrative Processes

How can we make processes easier to navigate while still maintaining efficiency?



#### Cultivating Faculty-Focused Support Services

How can we instill a customer-centric mindset in admin staff to reduce frustration for PIs?



# Increasing Proposal Success Rates

How can we improve proposal quality so PIs spend less time trying to win grants?



# Wrangling Compliance

How can we reduce self-imposed regulatory burden while remaining compliant and reducing process frustration?



# Minimizing the Administrative Burden on Faculty

Strategies to Ensure Researchers Spend More Time in the Lab

Engagements

Shifting E	Burden	Reducing Burden					
1. Streamlining Administrative Processes	2. Cultivating Faculty-Focused Support Services	3. Increasing Proposal Success Rates	4. Wrangling Compliance				
<ol> <li>PI Journey Map</li> <li>Org Model Depolarization</li> <li>Functional Responsibility Matrix</li> <li>Software Vendor Evaluation Checklist</li> <li>Shared</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>6) Customer-Centric Hiring Requirements</li> <li>7) Multidimensional Performance Evaluation</li> <li>8) Professional Development Curriculum</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>11) Tailored Funding Broker</li> <li>12) Full-Service Proposal Development</li> <li>13) Systematized Feedback Capture</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>14) Compliance     Procedure     Complexity Audit</li> <li>15) Pre-Scripted     Compliance     Language</li> <li>16) Compliance     Demonstration Pilot</li> </ul>				
Accountability Dashboards	<ul><li>9) Career Ladders and Progression Paths</li><li>10) Structured Administrator-PI</li></ul>						



# Minimizing the Administrative Burden on Faculty

Strategies to Ensure Researchers Spend More Time in the Lab

## **Shifting Burden**

## **Reducing Burden**

# 1.

## Streamlining Administrative Processes

- 1) PI Journey Map
- 2) Org Model Depolarization
- Functional Responsibility Matrix
- 4) Software Vendor Evaluation Checklist
- 5) Shared Accountability Dashboards

## 2.

## Cultivating Faculty-Focused Support Services

- ) Customer-Centric Hiring Requirements
- 7) Multidimensional Performance Evaluation
- Professional Development Curriculum
- Career Ladders and Progression Paths
- 10) Structured
  Administrator-PI
  Engagements

## 3.

# Increasing Proposal Success Rates

- 11) Tailored Funding Broker
- 12) Full-Service Proposal Development
- 13) Systematized Feedback Capture

## 4.

# Wrangling Compliance

- 14) Compliance
  Procedure
  Complexity Audit
- 15) Pre-Scripted Compliance Language
- Compliance Demonstration Pilot

The Proliferation of Administrative Burden

2 Streamlining Administrative Processes in the Research Office

3 Questions?





## CROs<sup>1</sup>, PIs Have Different Experiences with Research Office

CROs Envision an Office That...







Provides high-quality customer service that effectively matches PL needs



Working with the office of "no", who tells them things they can't do without providing solutions



Utilizes comprehensive electronic systems to improve efficiency from idea to award closeout



Completing endless, redundant paperwork and forms



Establishes policies and processes that create a seamless experience through the grant lifecycle



Dealing with a series of bottlenecks and hoops to jump through



# Removing Roadblocks and Redundancies

## Tactics to Overcome Hurdles and Streamline Administrative Processes



Research offices hears PL complaints about problems only when they become a big enough frustration



Tactic #1: PI Journey Map Build a process map of the full grant lifecycle to identify service gaps and pain points



CROs have limited say in the organizational structures and varying degrees of control over administrative staff



Tactic #2: Org Model Depolarization Create an organizational structure that best aligns with your research enterprise



Redundant and confusing steps in the grant lifecycle frustrate PIs and administrators, unclear delegation of ownership at certain points



Tactic #3: Functional Responsibility Matrix Assign ownership and responsibility for each step in the grant lifecycle



Software solutions are a huge investment of time and money and rarely provide the outcomes users need and want



**Evaluation Checklist** Understand the key ingredients your electronic

Tactic #4: Software Vendor

Tactic #5: Shared Accountability Dashboards

system should have to best match your needs



Research offices not leveraging and analyzing existing data on a consistent basis



Use performance data to identify pain points, measure progress, and improve processes



# Walking a Mile in a PI's Shoes

Understanding the Journey from Idea to Award Closeout

## PIs Often Follow More of a Ramble Through the Grant Lifecycle



?

"Besides Google, where do I go to find funding?" ?

"Wait, wasn't I just here? I don't know who to talk to." ?

"Why can't I access my award yet? It's my money!" ?

"When do I need to submit my progress reports?"





Experiencing the Process from the User's Point of View

## How Companies Use a Customer Journey Map



# Defining a Customer Journey Map

- Illustrates the steps a customer takes in interacting with an organization
- Examines customer experience in engaging with products, services, online experience, etc.
- Details each actual touchpoint between customer and product or service, but not necessarily the ideal

# Four Steps in Utilizing a Customer Journey Map

- Illustrate from the customer's point of view, allowing for a complete understanding of the experience
- Engage stakeholders from each point on map, drawing from the knowledge of those who interact with the customer at each stage
- Map how the processes actually occur, not how it should ideally function
- 4 Identify issues and implement changes to improve customer experience



# Putting the Map to Work

"The journey mapping process and results helped us clearly see the pain points and gaps in the customer's experience, including channel, content, and device gaps. It also helped to build empathy and increase understanding with our employees."

-USA.gov journey mapping team

# Creating a Customer Journey Map for Research



Identifying Roadblocks and Service Gaps



## **Process for Developing a Customer Journey Map**



# Convened Customer Journey Task Force

- Group included a representative from sponsored programs, tech transfer, research development, core facilities, and research integrity
- Tasked group with mapping interactions between research office units and researchers



#### **Mapped Research Processes**

- Mapped each interaction between the researcher and research office from hiring to award closeout
- Reviewed all touchpoints and communication between the research office and researcher

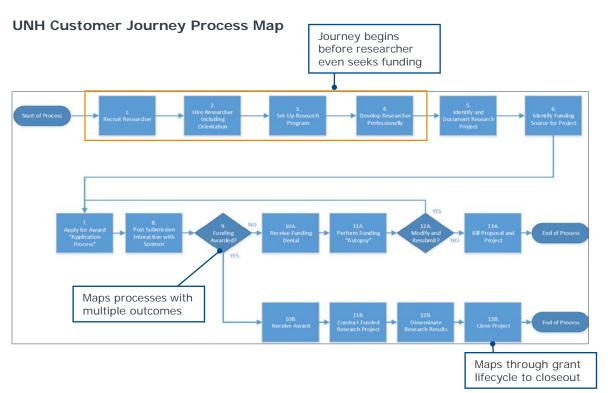


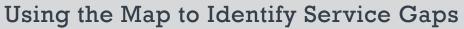
## Case in Brief: University of New Hampshire

- Public, Doctoral University: Higher Research Activity located in Durham, New Hampshire
- \$140M+ in research expenditures in FY2015
- Research office sought to improve consistency of service to PIs
- Created a customer journey map to understand the interactions of units in the research office with PIs and to identify areas for process and service improvement

# A PI's Journey from Recruitment to Closeout

Tool for Guiding Conversations with Researchers







## Aligning Task Force Findings with PI Experience



## Collaborating with Faculty to Understand Process Roadblocks

- Hosted 3 meetings, with about 90 participants total, that included faculty of all types and levels (new, tenured, research faculty, etc.)
- Task force presented processes they thought could be improved to see how those aligned with steps researchers identified for improvement
- Walked through process map and asked researchers where they saw room for improvement, grouped responses together by theme to highlight major issue areas
- Faculty identified the on-boarding and orientation processes as overwhelming and ripe for improvement







Research office redesigned onboarding process including streamlining communications, creating an orientation program, and increasing early in-person interaction with office

New faculty have increased awareness of services of research office and build relationships before they need support

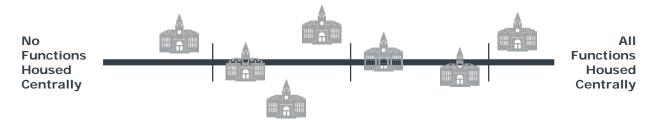
On-going improvements will focus on pre-award and include unit-based administrative staff in the process



# The Grass Is Always Greener

## Research Admin Org Models Always Leave Something to Be Desired

## An Imperfect Spectrum Makes for Challenging Comparisons



## Focus Instead on Span of Control





#### **Outside of Control**

The biggest PI complaints for unitmanaged functions are a **lack of staff specialization** and **duplicative processes**.

## Central Processes Can Feel Personal, Too

## Named and Known Research Administrators Improve PI Engagement



### Centrally Managed, Locally Deployed

Research administrators are part of a three person team that are:

- · Hired and managed centrally
- Physically located in one of the colleges
- Covering pre-award, post-award and grant accounting processes
- Maintaining the same portfolio of faculty they support

#### **Key Benefits**

- Faculty Appreciate Access
  Centrally managed, locally deployed
  - Centrally managed, locally deployed model mimics benefits of "named and known" decentral models while enhancing the service provided
- 2 Continuity is Key

Investigators know exactly who will be managing their proposal and grant at each stage of the process

# 3 Frontline Expertise Breeds Service Excellence

The research administrative teams meet in functional cohorts (e.g., pre-award, post-award and grant accounting) to share challenges and solutions from their respective colleges

## **Rightsizing Facetime**

The Research Office at the **University of Pennsylvania** employs a similar model but limits staff time in colleges to 2-3 days a week. This limit reinforces that research administrators are central staff, and should not take on additional unit responsibilities.



# Improving Unit-Level Service from the Center

How to Leverage Team Identity, Training, and Workflow Improvements

#### **Leverage Points**

## Sample Solutions



Creating a Sense of Identity

Central research administrators at **Miami University (Ohio)** include **central business and finance staff** involved in research administration in their professional development trainings to **foster a "team" environment** across different offices.



Training Unit Staff from the Center The central research office at the **University of New Hampshire** offers **new hire and refresher training for all unit-based business processes staff** to integrate them as best as possible with the centralized pre- and post-award staff.



Appropriating Unit Workflow

Unit-based research administrators at Caltech employ a portfolio ranking and tracking system that allows for fluid workflow adjustments based on PI needs and staff capabilities.



Eliminating Redundancy

Central research administrators at **Northwestern University** asked unit-level administrators to send the central office a list of specific areas to review, rather than the central office conducting another full review of the proposal to reduce redundancy and turnaround time.

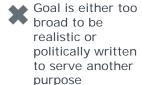
# The Hype vs. the Reality of Shared Services

## Common Failure Paths of Integrating Research Admin into Shared Services

#### Ideal Process and Where It Falls Short



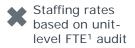
#### Establish a Goal of Shared Service Units







# Create Staffing Plan

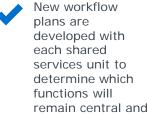






#### Integrate Shared Services Center into Workflow

 New shared
 services center does what they are asked, duplicating efforts with central



the unit

which will live in



## Maintain Continuous Unit Funding

 Deans control unit
 funding, allowing them to cut staff lines without workflow considerations



Unit funding is at least partially controlled by central research office, and adding or removing lines is negotiated

# **Assigning Responsibility Through Grant Process**

## Providing Guidance Through Clarity, Documentation



#### Lack of Clarity Around Steps in Process Leads to Frustration, Inefficiencies



#### Responsibility Matrix Designates Ownership, Documents Process



Opportunities to shirk responsibilities that should fall in domain



Assigns clear ownership of each step to one person or office



Duplicative processes and work cause frustration from researchers and administrators



Highlights duplication of processes and overlapping responsibilities



Administrative steps throughout grant lifecycle are unknown to researchers, cause confusion



Provides clear guidance to researchers and administrators through the entire grant lifecycle



## Case in Brief: University of Colorado Boulder

- Public, Doctoral University: Highest Research Activity located in Boulder, Colorado
- \$420M+ in research expenditures in FY2015
- Office of Contracts and Grants and the Campus Controller's Office conducted a review of procedures in the research office
- Determined a document was needed to align roles and responsibilities across the entire lifecycle of a project

# Ensuring Coverage, Removing Unnecessary Steps



## Developing a Comprehensive Responsibility Matrix

#### Laying the Groundwork

- Researched peer matrices
- · Created draft matrix
- Established working groups

#### Reviewing and Refining

- Research leadership reviewed functional matrices
- · Created a full draft matrix

#### **Training and Communicating**

- Trained department administrators
- Published finalized matrix

#### Focusing on Specific Areas

- Built working groups around each functional area of the grant lifecycle
- Drafted function matrices

#### **Gaining Approval**

 Presented matrix for review by various groups across campus including final approval from Research Advisory Council

## Finding Inefficiencies, Reducing Redundancy and Paperwork



- Responsibility matrix highlighted inefficiencies in award closeout process which involved Office of Contracts and Grants (OCG) and Sponsored Projects Accounting (SPA)
- Researchers were being bombarded with redundant forms and requests for information from OCG, SPA, and at times tech transfer, that was needed to close out an award
- OCG created the Award Closeout Tool, a clear and simple two-page form that details each step a
  department/unit administrator needs to complete to close out an award

# Zeroing in on the Right Level of Detail



## Designating Ownership for Each Step

## **CU Boulder Roles and Responsibility Matrix**

Research Administration: Roles and Responsibilities Matrix  Adopted April 2015		ROLE DESIGNATIONS LEG Primary Responsibility for action/implementation of tasks: P = PRIMARY currently PF= PRIMARY in FUTURE				Support/Consult, as necessary \$ = SUPPORT currently SF= SUPPORT in FUTURE		
RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION PROCESS	Principal Investigator (PI)	Office of Contracts and Grants (OCG)	Sponsored Projects Accounting (SPA)	Department Administrator	Technology Transfer Office (TTO)	Office of Industry Collaboration (OIC) (For Industry research only)	Research Compliance Offices: Export, COI, IRB, IACUC	Property Accounting Office (PAO)
Pre Awai	d							
Preparing to Submit a Proposal								
Locate funding opportunity	Р	S				S		
Read and interpret proposal guidelines	Р	8				8	8	
Prepare Non-Disclosure Agreements, as needed					Р	8		
Prepare Teaming Agreements, as needed		P				S		
File Annual DEPA	P						S	
Proposal Development								
Obtain and understand sponsor instructions for proposal preparation	Р	S		S				
Identify Cost Sharing in proposal and obtain cost share approval from Department		S						
Identify and indicate approvals needed for proposal		P						
Completion of Proposal PI Checklist/Intake Form				S				
Provide guidance to PI on proposal preparation		P		S	S	S		
Develop and revise technical narrative, Bio sketches, Current and Pending				S				
Develop administrative pages of proposal		P		S				
Ensure required Effort available, if awarded			S					
Identify subcontractors/collaborators								
Request and collect necessary Subcontractor Budget, Statement of Work (SOW), Commitment Form and Sole Source Justification		S		S				
Notify Office of Industry Collaboration of proposal with Industry (non federal/non federal flowthrough)		P						
Draft Budget [Proposal Development module in Boulder eRA will empower PIs to create budgets]	S/ PF with eRA	Р		s				



# Adding Flexibility Where Needed

Beyond "Owners" and "Supporters"

Responsibilities		
R	Responsible for the correct and thorough completion of the work to achieve the task	
A	Accountable for the correct and thorough completion of the task, typically delegating the work to those	
5	Support for those who are responsible or accountable	
(	Consulted as needed in order to complete the task (two-way communication)	
	Informed that task is underway/completed (one-way communication)	

- R- Responsible for the work, but not necessarily the task itself ——Can be faculty or staff
- A- Accountable for completing/delegating the completion of the task ——> Can be faculty or staff
- **S-** Support for all involved ——Mostly staff
- I Informed/aware that task is progressing ——Mostly staff

highlighted.png

# More than Just a Piece of Paper



## Building a Matrix that Improves Processes Through Clarity

#### **Characteristics of a Successful Matrix Creation Process**



# Well-Researched Process

Dedicated ample time early in the process to reviewing matrices of other research institutions to understand key components to include ;



#### Broad Stakeholder Engagement

Involved over 40 volunteers from across campus to participate in 11 working groups; 1 pre-award group and 10 post-award



## Clearly Defined Areas of Focus

Working groups defined all tasks associated with 15 specific functional areas in the grant process



# Ongoing Review and Adjustment

Understand that the matrix is a "living document" and over time review to ensure matrix accurately reflects processes

## **Empowering Experts, Gathering Input from Across Campus**



PIs who serve on a Faculty Advisory Board



Department administrators active in campus-wide meeting group



Long-tenured administrators with specific process and subject expertise



Administrators from units of all types and sizes (including centers/institutes)

# Your Search for the Holy Grail Continues

## Key Deficits Holding Back the Perfect ERA System



#### **Cost-Effectiveness**

- Current vendors require significant upfront licensing cost or large investments in developers
- Long-term maintenance and staffing costs required across vendors; update and downtime losses occur often as well

## **Cradle-to-Grave Capabilities**



- No single vendor offers a (good) full package of research administration services
- No vendor fully incorporates the peripheral administrative services (e.g., faculty expertise databases, funding sources, commercialization management)



## Plug-and-Play Implementation

- Most vendors require significant implementation timelines
- Maintenance, updates, and new modules also require additional installation time that limit usability

## **Seamless Integration**



- Most sophisticated vendors are standalone ERA tools that do not ladder well to university financial reporting systems
- Building crosswalks between systems requires significant cost and time
- Timely report generation lacking even in integrated products

### A New Evaluation Framework for ERAs



### The Five Questions to Answer Before Vetting a Vendor



# Software Philosophy:

Are you a "bestin-breed" or a "one-size-fits-all" institution?



# Must-Have Features:

What's the biggest service gap on campus?



# Resources and Time:

What's the budget and how long until we *need* it?



# Implementation Plan:

What modules first, and where to begin?



#### Currently Active Vendors:

Do we *have* to buy from our CRM/financial system vendor?



- ✓ Reduces the number of vendors to consider
- ✓ Reduces time spent on vendor evaluations
- √ Speeds up time to implementation

### Going Beyond the Canned Presentation



#### Ask Vendors to Address Specific Gaps with Capabilities Tests

#### Three Common Evaluation Pitfalls and How to Improve Them



"What all can your platform do?"



"How much does your platform cost?"



"Who can I talk to that already uses your platform?"



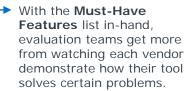
"Show me how your platform does *X*, *Y*, and *Z*."



"My budget is \$XX. What can you offer me within this price range?"



"I've talked to X number of your clients, how do you respond to their feedback?"



By understanding the institution's **Software Philosophy** and having already determined **Resources and Time**, discussing budget with a vendor becomes a distinction of service for price, rather than price for service.

With an Implementation Plan in place, institutions can leverage current-user feedback from peers to vet vendor's execution time and customer service.

#### **Key Metrics:**

- Time to complete task
- Effort to complete task
- Accessibility of task information

#### **Key Metrics:**

- Maintenance and renewal costs
- Estimated cost of support staff and/or customer support

#### **Key Metrics:**

- Peer satisfaction with product
- Successes and/or failures
- Installation timeline
- Cost (if willing to share)

Source: EAB's IT Forum "Supporting Frontline IT Purchasing in the Cloud Era"; EAB interviews and analysis.



### A Better Approach to Performance Assessment

#### Improving Performance Requires Baseline Measurements

### From Limited, Piecemeal Collection...



... To Useful, Timely Analysis



Tracking some metrics but not reviewing at regular intervals



Continuously reviewing metrics to identify pain points and areas for improvement



Soliciting feedback too often or not often enough



Collecting quantitative and qualitative feedback at appropriate intervals



Keeping metrics locked up and only using data internally



Publishing data for all to see



Failing to utilize information that is already being collected



Using existing systems and data to build metrics reports

# 40

### Providing Transparency Around Performance

Publicizing Data Highlights Successes and Areas for Improvement



#### **Building a System to Monitor and Measure Metrics**



Data stored and accessed through existing SharePoint system



Development process (designing and building reports) began Fall 2015, first report published in April 2016



Dedicated a portion of one FTE's time to managing data and reports



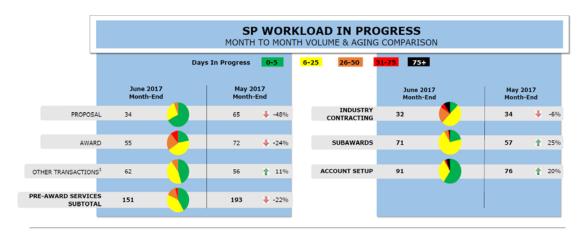
#### Case in Brief: Boston University

- Private, Doctoral University: Highest Research Activity located in Boston, Massachusetts
- \$380M+ in research expenditures in FY2015
- New leadership in research office sought to make changes to improve performance, service, and reputation
- Created monthly report of office performance metrics showing funding performance, workloads and productivity, processing times and submission timeliness and quality
- · Publicized reports and internally analyzed data to identify and target areas for improvement
- Frequent PI satisfaction surveys provide qualitative feedback and context to the metrics



### Eliminating Backlogs of Aging Transactions

#### **BU Executive Dashboard**



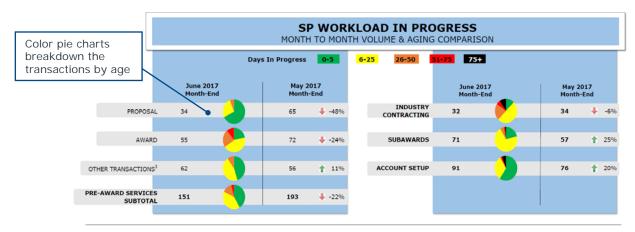
#### **TRENDS & ANALYSIS**

All SP Teams have been focusing on addressing aged items and transactions aged 51-75 and 75+ days.
 Pre-Award Teams have eliminated all aging actions in the 75+ bucket.



### Eliminating Backlogs of Aging Transactions

#### **BU Executive Dashboard**



#### **TRENDS & ANALYSIS**

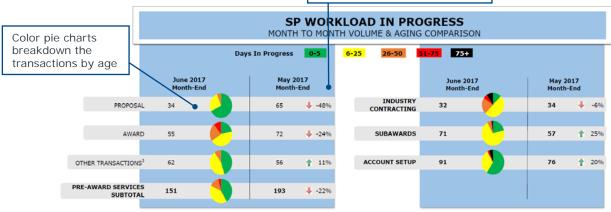
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### Eliminating Backlogs of Aging Transactions

#### **BU Executive Dashboard**

The percent change show how workloads have changed from the previous month



#### **TRENDS & ANALYSIS**

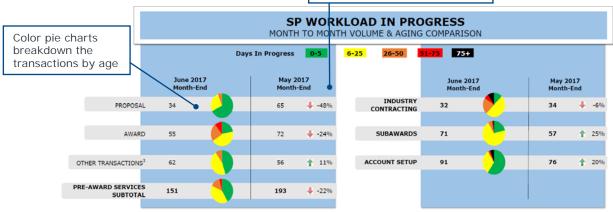
All SP Teams have been focusing on addressing aged items and transactions aged 51-75 and 75+ days.
 Pre-Award Teams have eliminated all aging actions in the 75+ bucket.



### Eliminating Backlogs of Aging Transactions

#### **BU Executive Dashboard**

The percent change show how workloads have changed from the previous month



#### **TRENDS & ANALYSIS**

All SP Teams have been focusing on addressing aged items and transactions aged 51-75 and 75+ days.
 Pre-Award Teams have eliminated all aging actions in the 75+ bucket.

A brief section provides context, progress updates, and analysis of the graphic

### From Data Points to Action Items



### Measuring Metrics, Learning from the Data, Implementing Change

#### Four Steps to Maximize the Impact of Metrics







Publish monthly dashboard on research website for faculty and all to see





Share data at Advisory Council for Research Administration monthly meeting



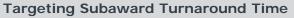


Analyze data to identify areas for improvement and action steps





Implement targeted process and staffing changes to improve performance



- Time for BU to issue and execute a sub-agreement under an award was between 80-100 days
- Began to track time and location of subaward in the process to identify roadblocks
- Identified lack of standard operating procedures, created process to streamline and clarify
- Turnaround now has a target of 30 days or less, goal has been achieved since May 2016



# Adding Context to the Numbers



#### Satisfaction Survey Provides More Insight to the Metrics

#### **Components of PI Satisfaction Survey**



Satisfaction Survey Questions



Comments on Process and Experience



Suggestions for Improvement

#### **Key Features of Survey Utilization**

Frequency

After PI submits a proposal, RA<sup>1</sup> sends the satisfaction survey to the PI as part of the confirmation of submission

- 2 Linking PI Feedback to Staff Evaluation
  - Individual RA monthly evaluations include relevant PI comments and feedback
- 3 Responding to PI Suggestions
  Staff follow up on each PI suggestion and work to incorporate suggestions whenever feasible

#### Complaint About Redundant Work Leads to Proposal Summary Form

- PI complains about forms to complete at beginning of proposal, filling out redundant information
- Research office reexamined each form and evaluated the necessity of each piece of information
- Created a new Proposal Summary Form, consolidating the existing proposal summary form with supporting forms (export control, cost sharing, international research)
- Proposal Summary Form is now a 3 page, fillable PDF that supports electronic signatures

The Proliferation of Administrative Burden

2 Streamlining Administrative Processes in the Research Office

3 Questions?

# Managing Your Questions

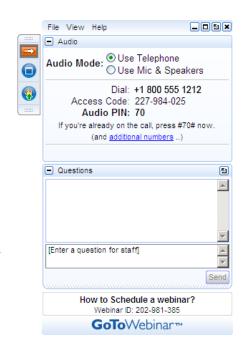


To ask the presenter a question, please type into the question panel and **press send** 

Or send feedback and questions directly:

Jon Barnhart

Jbarnhart@eab.com





### Next Meeting Series Around the Corner

#### Our 2018 Agenda

#### Research Enterprise Strategy in the Trump Era

- Federal policy trends and their implications for research growth strategy
- Assessing and competing for best-bet federal funding opportunities

# Confronting the Future of Facilities and Administration (F&A) Funding

- Articulating the value of F&A internally and externally
- Effective policies and procedures to maximize F&A recovery

#### Helping Faculty Achieve Their Full Research Potential

- · Supporting faculty to increase extramural funding
- Best-in-class grant writing boot camps, internal review panels, and mentorship programs
- Holistic career development to retain faculty and keep them engaged in the research enterprise

#### Small-group breakout workshops

An opportunity to get more customized support to help you:

- Build and maintain partnerships with corporations
- Communicate the value of university research
- Tackle the mounting burden of research administration

### Register Now!

2018 National Meeting Series

Executive Sessions: June 20, 2018 Washington, DC

August 10, 2018 Chicago, IL

October 16, 2018 Dana Point, CA

**Team Session:**September 13, 2018
Washington, DC

### Please Fill Out the Survey





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Thank You!

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