

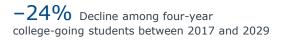
State Outlook: Maine

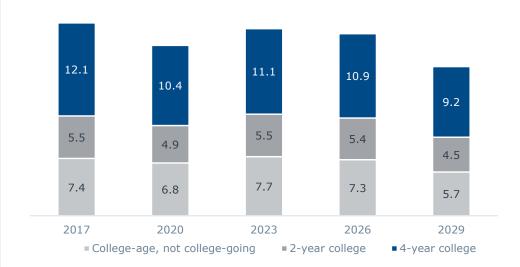
Demographics Trends

Recruitment Pool Set to Shrink in the Next Decade

Enrollment of four-year college-going students will decrease significantly in Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont over the next decade.

Forecasted Number of College-Aged and College-Going Students in Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont¹ (Thousands), by Year of High School Graduation





Large Decline in White Student Population

The Non-Hispanic White student population will decrease by 26% over the next decade with a loss of almost three thousand students.

Projected Number of Four-Year College-Going Students in Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont¹ (Thousands), by Race/Ethnicity



The states of Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont are grouped together in the enrollment projections in order to maintain sufficient sample size and maximize the predictive power of the forecasts.

Source: Grawe, Nathan D., Demographics and the Demand for Higher Education, 2017; EAB analysis.

State Outlook: Maine

Affordability Trends

Higher Proportion of Low-Income Households

49% of Maine's households make less than \$50,000 per year, compared to 46% nationally in the same income category.

ME's Public Institutions Less Affordable Than Most States'

The average net price at Maine's public institutions is a quarter of the state's median household income, making it one of the less economical states to enroll in public education in the United States.

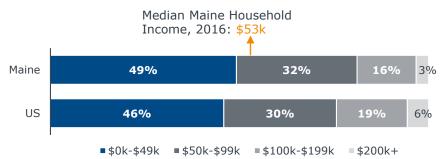
ME's Private Institutions Less Affordable Than Most States'

Unsurprisingly, Maine's private colleges are more expensive than their public counterparts (net price is 44% of median household income for privates vs. 25% for publics). Maine's private institutions are also less economical than are private schools in the majority of US states.

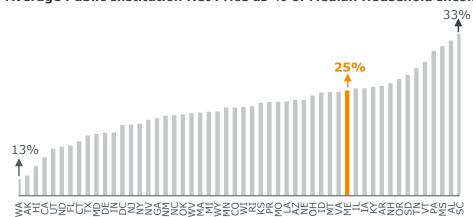
Higher Debt Among Graduates

58% of college graduates in Maine have student debt, compared to 60% nationally. Average debt per borrower is slightly higher than that of the average US borrower.

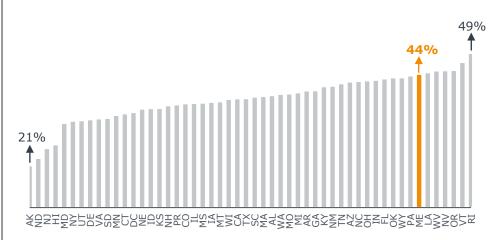
Number of Households by Income Segment (Thousands), 2016



Average Public Institution Net Price as % of Median Household Income



Average Private Institution Net Price as % of Median Household Income



Student Loan Statistics, 2016

Percentage of College Graduates with Student Debt	Maine	US
	58%	60%
Average Debt per Borrower	\$29,752	\$27,975

Source: IPEDS, National Center for Education Statistics: 2016 American Community Survey (ACS), U.S. Census Bureau: 2017 Student Loan Debt by School by State Report, LendEDU, 2018, https://lendedu.com/blog/student-loan-debt-statistics-by-school-by-state-2017; EAB analysis.



State Outlook: Maine

Funding and Appropriations Trends

Reliance on Net Tuition Has Held Steady Since 2009

After an initial increase of 6 percentage points between 2007 and 2009, net tuition's contribution to total education revenues in Maine has remained steady.

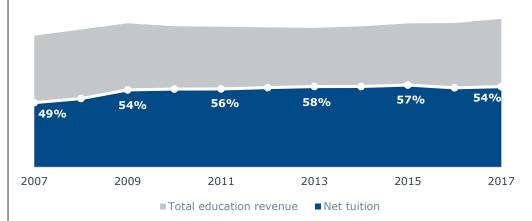
Educational Appropriations per Student Similar to National Averages

Maine's educational appropriations are currently similar to national levels and noticeably higher than regional levels.

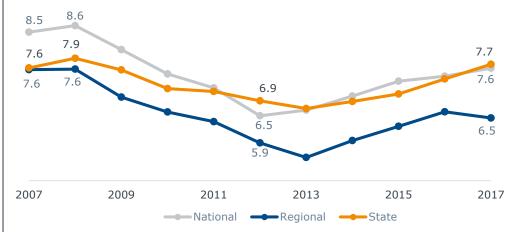
Smaller Proportion of Tax Revenues Allocated to Higher Education

Maine allocates 4% of its tax revenues to higher education – a smaller proportion than allocations in most states.

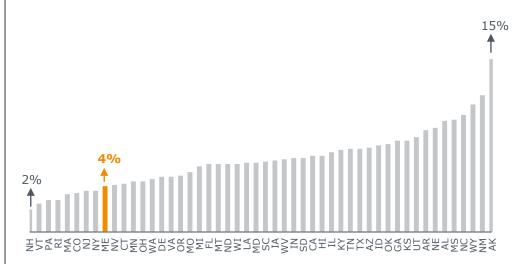
Net Tuition as a Proportion of Total Education Revenues, per Student FTE



Educational Appropriations per Student FTE in ME, Regionally¹ and Nationally (Thousands), 2007-2017



Percentage of Tax Revenues Allocated to Higher Education by State, 2015



Source: "2016 State Higher Education Finance (SHEF) Report," State Higher Education Executive Officers, http://www.sheeo.org/projects/shef-fy16; EAB analysis.

Refers to the New England region, which includes Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

